CASE STUDY HOUSES

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TASCHEN



1945-1949 • CSH#3

Chalon Road, Los Angeles William W. Wurster and Theodore Bernardi



Exterior perspective by Arne Kartwold, 1945

Left page: Living room

Upholstered Iving room furniture and side table by Heedik van Koppel and Taylor Creen, marunfactured by Van Koppel-Creen. Coffee table by Isawa Noguek, manufactured by Herman Millec, c. 1947. Brich wood supports, glass top, Desk (buckpround) by George Helson, manufactured by Herman Millec, c. 1947. Birchveneend pilwood, leafler top and steel frame. Originally envisioned to be sited adjacent to the first design for Case Study House #1, this house was late but in the Mandeidic Caryon are at Go Angeles. It underwest four changes from initial concept to built reality. Focusing on issues of space, finability, and low cost, the house contained no formula linking room in its Hashped plan. Instead, the architect designated a "lining graders" that incorporated an actual enclosed garden within an open living area as the center of the family's sould life. Responding to their ideal of an informal lifestay between indoors and outdoors, their design provided additional related features that reflected his interest, such a sucrept instead of an enclosed garge and a workroom allongade the kitchen. Wurster and Bornauch, unlike some of their contemporaries, minimize their lining, and studing the space. They did, however, specify a color scheme that was based on the huses of native planting surrounding the life.



1945–1949 • CSH#8, Eames House

Chautauqua Boulevard, Pacific Palisades Charles and Ray Eames



Initially designed jointly by Chudes Earnes and Eero Saarinen, the house was substantially modified during the construction process by Earnes and his wife Ray, a marits and designer, to maximize its spatial area. The final design consists of two adjacent double-height parlions—one used as a residence and one as a studio, workshop space. Do-monstrating the possibilities of technologically based construction methods and materials, it is built entirely of industrial, preferenced compensation fisching steel, dissist, as beston, and Cemerato board according to a modular system. The building's restlinant character and structural search story that are a support of the process of

Left page: Living Room

Lounge chair #670 and #671 by Charles and Ray Earner, manufactured by Herman Miller. Coffee table by Charles and Ray Earners, custom made for this house. Sealing area by Charles and Ray Earner, costom made for this house. Couch (foreground) by Charles and Ray Earner, manufactured by Herman Miller



Left: Living room interior Sculpture by Alexander Calder and chair by Eero Saarinen

Below: Ground plan





Layout in Arts of Architecture, December 1945

Above right: Studio with stairs leading to upper level

Right: Studio

Side chair by Charles and Ray Earnes, manufactured by Herman Miller. Dining table (far left). "DTW" by Charles and Ray Earnes, manufactured by Herman Miller. Coffee table by Charles and Ray Earnes, manufactured by Herman Miller.











Living Room

Coffee table "ETR" by Charles and Ray Eames,
c. 1951, manufactured by Herman Miller. Plastic
laminated physood, steel wire bases. Chairs
"DCM", "LCW", "LAR" by Charles and Ray Eames.
Bench by George Nelson, manufactured by
Herman Miller.

Left: Ground plan

All functions, including the garage, are organized within a square plan. Kitchen (K), utility room (U), guest room (GR), bath (B), study (5) and bedroom (BR) are situated around the living room.

Left page:

Terrace with view of Case Study House #8
Outdoor furniture by Hendrik van Keppel and
Taylor Green



Kitchen with view to living area

Right: Site plan





Living room and terrace

Left: Longitudinal section



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1959–1960 • CSH#22, Stahl House Woods Drive, West Hollywood Pierre Koenig

Left page: Night view of living room

Evenier and carport seen from the north-west





Ground plan

1 Köther, 2 Diring room, 3 Living room, 4 Terrace, 5 Pool, 6 Children's room, 7 Bath, 8 Master bedroom

Among the most radical and reductive designs of the Case Study House program—as well as one of its most iconic images—this house is a simple pavilion situated on a promontory out of view of adjacent houses in the Hollywood Hills. Its L-shaped plan is organized around a swimming pool onto which all the major public rooms and private spaces face; a molded concrete footbridge provides passage over the pool from the carport to the entrance. Using only stock steel components to frame 20-foot wide modules of glass, Pierre Koenig succeeded in maximizing the potential of steel to enclose space in this extraordinarily minimal design. In the interior, the bedrooms occupy one wing of the plan, with dressing room and master bath clustered in the corner of the Ladjacent to a utility core and the kitchen. The living wing of the house is entirely open, with steel columns and glass walls interrupted only by the kitchen appliances and cabinets and a freestanding steel fireplace that dominates the living